

B.SC. SIXTH SEMESTER (HONOURS) EXAMINATIONS, 2021

Subject: Mathematics

Course ID: 62116

Course Code: SH/MTH/603/DSE-3

Course Title: Number Theory

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks

Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

1. Answer *any five* of the following questions: (2×5=10)

- a) Show that $\sum_{k=1}^n \mu(k!) = 1$.
- b) Solve the linear congruence $7x \equiv 3 \pmod{15}$.
- c) "If $(m, n) = 1$, then $(\phi(m), \phi(n)) = 1$ "—true or false? Justify with proper reason.
- d) Find the order of 5 modulo 17.
- e) Find the remainder when 333^{333} is divided by 7.
- f) Find the sum of integers less than 100 and prime to 100.
- g) If a is a primitive root of m , then prove that $a^{\frac{\phi(m)}{2}} \equiv -1 \pmod{m}$.
- h) Prove that if n is an odd integer, then $n^2 - 1$ is divisible by 8.

2. Answer *any four* of the following questions: (5×4=20)

- a) Find the least positive integer which leaves remainders 2, 3 and 4 when divided by 3, 5 and 11, respectively.
- b) (i) If $f(n)$ is a function of n , then prove that $\sum_{d|n} f(d) = \sum_{d|n} f\left(\frac{n}{d}\right)$, where n is a positive integer ≥ 1 .
(ii) Prove that $n = \sum_{d|n} \phi(d)$, for an integer $n \geq 1$. 3+2
- c) (i) If $f(n)$ is a multiplicative function(not identically zero), then prove that
$$\sum_{d|n} \mu(d)f(d) = (1 - f(p_1))(1 - f(p_2)) \cdots (1 - f(p_k)).$$

(ii) Verify that $1000!$ terminates in 249 zeros. 2+3
- d) Prove that:
 - (i) The necessary and sufficient condition that ' a ', when $(a, m) = 1$, to be a primitive root of m is that the numbers $a, a^2, \dots, a^{\phi(m)}$ forms a reduced residue system modulo m .
 - (ii) If a is a primitive root of p , then prove that $a + p$ is also its primitive root. 2+2+1

- e) Prove that if p is an odd prime, then there exists an odd primitive root of $p^k \forall k \geq 1$. Also each such primitive root of p^k is a primitive root of $2p^k$.
- f) Find the solutions of $3x + 5y + 10z = 151$.

3. Answer *any one* of the following questions:

(10×1=10)

- a) (i) If n is a composite number, then show that $\phi(n) \leq n - \sqrt{n}$.
- (ii) If $m = 2^n, n > 2$, then prove that m has no primitive root.
- (iii) Prove that $n^5 - n$ is divisible by 5 or 2, for any integer n .
- (iv) If m and n are relatively prime positive integers, prove that

$$m^{\phi(n)} + n^{\phi(m)} \equiv 1 \pmod{mn}.$$

2+2+2+4

- b) (i) If a is a primitive root of p and p is an odd prime such that a^{p-1} is not congruent to 1 modulo p^2 , then show that for every $\alpha \geq 2, a^{\phi(p^{\alpha-1})}$ is not congruent to 1 modulo p^α .
- (ii) Find the number of zeros at the right end of the integer $141!$.
- (iii) Prove Euler's Theorem.

5+2+3
