## **B.Sc. 4th Semester (Honours) Examination, 2021**

## **CHEMISTRY**

## [Pharmaceutical Chemistry (T-2)]

Paper: UG/CHEM/405/SEC-2

**Course ID: 41415** 

Time: 2 Hours Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as possible

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1. Answer *any five* questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- (a) Give schematic diagram showing the typical stages of modern rational drug discovery and development.
- (b) What are antibacterial and antifungal agents?
- (c) Give structure of aspirin. Mention its use as drug.
- (d) State any two requirements for a drug to be an ideal one.
- (e) Why molasses solution is made slightly acidic before fermentation?
- (f) What is prodrug?
- (g) Discuss the health benefits of L-lysine.
- (h) What is  $ED_{50}$ ?
- 2. Answer *any four* questions:

 $5 \times 4 = 20$ 

(a) Write short notes on any two of the following:

2.5+2.5=5

- (i) Therapeutic Index
- (ii) Production of ethyl alcohol from starch.
- (ii) Dapsone

(b) 3+2=5

(i) Draw the enantiomeric forms of Ibuprofen. Which one is active? Write any two side effects of this drug.

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(ii) Name two organisms that are used for the industrial production of Vitamin B2 by fermentation.

(c) 
$$(1+1)+3=5$$

- (i) What are Analgesic agents? Give example.
- (ii) Complete the following:

- (i) Give the structure of Phenobarbital. Describe its use as drug.
- (ii) How Trimethoprim can be synthesized?
- (e) Describe the biosynthesis of Penicillin-G from L- $\alpha$ -aminoadipic acid.
- (f) Define aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Mention the differences between the two processes. 2+3=5
- 3. Answer any one question:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$ 

5

$$(1+1+2+3)+3=10$$

- (i) What is AIDS? Give one example of anti-AIDS drug. Give retrosynthetic analysis and then a forward synthesis pathway for any anti-AIDS drug.
- (ii) Show the synthesis of Paracetamol starting from phenol.

(b) 
$$(1+1)+(1+1+4)+2=10$$

- (i) What do you mean by cardiovascular drug? Give one example.
- (ii) Name two classes of antibiotics. Draw the structure of Chloramphenicol and synthesize it from p-nitro acetophenone.
- (iii) Mention the differences between antibiotics and antiviral drugs.

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